



Interactive Functional Medical Image Analysis

A Demo using Functional Languages and VIGRA

Dr. Benjamin Seppeke,
Prof. Dr. Leonie Dreschler-Fischer

Agenda

1. Introduction
2. Fitting VigRacket for Medical Image Analysis
3. Demonstration
4. Conclusions

Agenda

1. Introduction
 - Medical image analysis
 - Interactive work-flow
2. Fitting VigRacket for Medical Image Processing
3. Demonstration
4. Conclusions

Medical Image Analysis

- Imaging in medical context often 3D, here we refer to 2D images only
- Images may come from:
 - 3D-Scanners (like CT, MRT) as slices
 - (Fluorescent) microscopy
 - etc.
- Main applications take place on object level
 - Measure (e.g. size of objects)
 - Classify (e.g. normal vs. strange cells)
- Step from image to object level alone is non-trivial!

Interactive Workflow

- Experts prefer interactive workflows
- Use or define heuristics:
 - Try different approaches,
 - Eventually find the best fitting one for their application.
- Start with building blocks!
- Aim of the interactive procedure:
 - Get better insights in algorithms and
 - get better results while modelling the solution!
- At the end: Solution/product.

Agenda

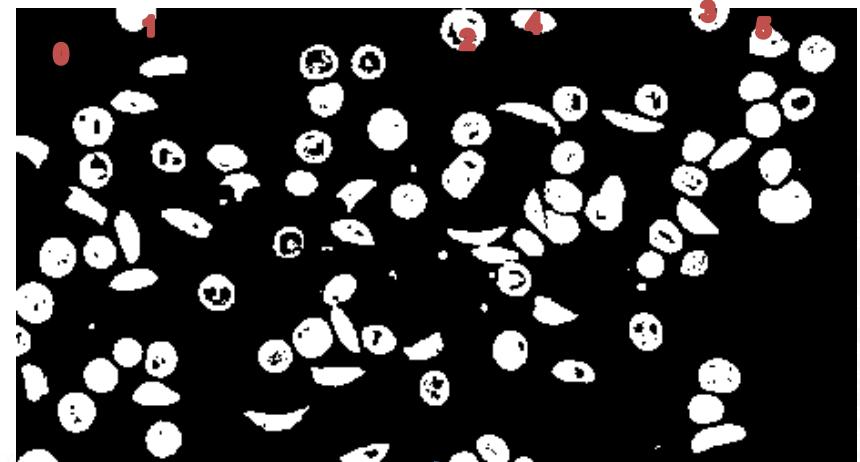
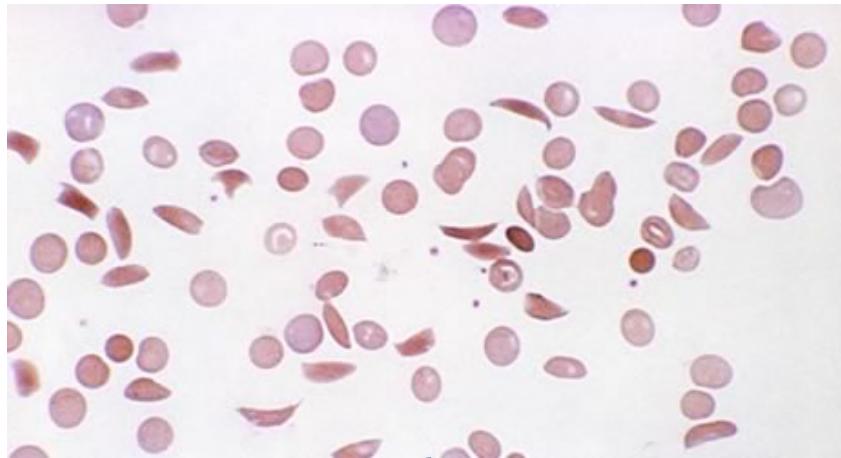
1. Introduction
2. Fitting VigRacket for Medical Image Analysis
 - Segmentation and Labelling
 - From Labels to Region Features
3. Demonstration
4. Conclusions

Segmentation and Labelling

- Segmentation algorithms:
 - From image to regions (e.g. thresholding + pre-processing)
- Labelling of connected components:

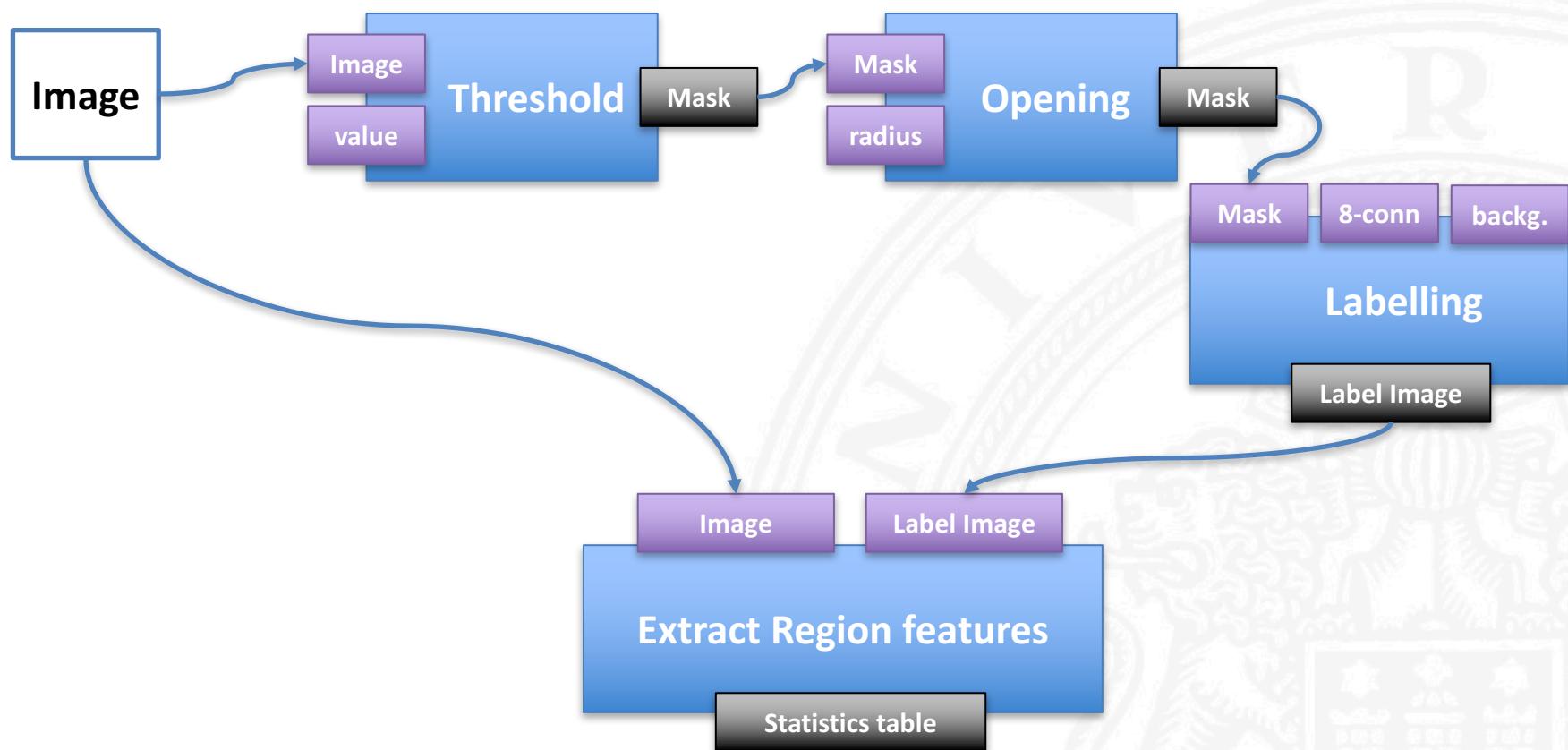


From Labels to Region Features



ID	size	left	upper	right	lower	...	min color	mean color	...
0	94177	0	0	461	248	...	(171.0 148.0 150.0)	(241.91 237.51 241.11)	...
1	229	55	0	76	12	...	(178.0 146.0 164.0)	(205.09 166.81 187.51)	...
2	200	371	0	391	12	...	(180.0 150.0 166.0)	(204.93 170.70 192.07)	...
3	361	233	1	257	22	...	(168.0 137.0 171.0)	(206.03 173.12 199.91)	...
4	226	272	1	295	12	...	(158.0 118.0 143.0)	(193.21 145.39 168.17)	...
5	277	403	9	424	26	...	(144.0 103.0 99.0)	(190.96 144.58 155.25)	...
...

Modelling in GUI-based Approaches



Agenda

1. Introduction
2. Fitting VigRacket for Medical Image Analysis
3. Demonstration
 - Preliminaries
 - Demo: Sickle Cell Anaemia
4. Conclusions

Preliminaries

- **Racket 6.8** <http://racket-lang.org>
- **VigRacket 1.5** <https://github.com/bseppke/vigracket>
 - For Linux and macOS:
 - VIGRA Computer Vision Library (v. 1.11.0 or newer)
 - FFTW lib
 - Image format libs of choice, e.g. libpng, libtiff...
 - Installation:
 - Run “install.rkt” – that’s all!
 - Tested under Windows, Linux (Ubuntu) and macOS!

Demo Time

A faint, large watermark of the University of Hamburg seal is centered behind the text. The seal features a circular design with the text "UNIVERSITÄT HAMBURG" around the top edge and "1811" at the bottom. Inside the circle is a central figure, possibly a lion or a similar creature, surrounded by various symbols and patterns.

Still time? New Preliminaries

- Any/SteelBank Common Lisp
- VignaCL (master) <https://github.com/bseppke/vigracl>
 - For Linux and macOS:
 - VIGRA Computer Vision Library (v. 1.11.0 or newer)
 - FFTW lib
 - Image format libs of choice, e.g. libpng, libtiff...
 - Installation:
 - Copy to any folder to work with
 - Tested under Windows and macOS with SBCL!

Demo Time



Agenda

1. Introduction
2. Fitting VigRacket for Medical Image Processing
3. Demonstration
4. Conclusions

Conclusions

- The History: 8 years of VigRacket (f.k.a. vigra-plt)
 - Improved Datatypes and interaction
 - Improved Functional Programming layer
 - Improved execution speed
 - Continuously expanding functionality
 - Improved documentation (scribble'd!)
- Currently:
 - VigRacket release 1.5
 - VigraCL (no current release, sorry – but master works)
for CommonLisp integration (tested with SBCL)

Conclusions

- Now, powerful enough for interactive image and region analysis!
 - Independent of the application context
 - E.g. material research,
general scene analysis tasks
- Understandable and usable by “newbies”
 - Students in our B.Sc. practice “Image Processing”
 - Even pupils visiting our lab for interactive “first contact” with the topic
 - Even if they do not know about functional programming so far.

Conclusions

- Functional vs. GUI-based approaches

Image

(curryr
thresholdimage
230)

(curryr
openingimage
1)

Arrows may now represent
either argument passing or
function composition!

(curryr
labelimage
#t 0.0)

extractfeatures